

DOCUMENT RESUME

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IDENTIFIERS *Parkland College IL

ABSTRACT

This document from Parkland College in Champaign, Illinois, presents data on enrollment, persistence, admissions, transfer, academic offerings, student life, expenses, financial aid, class sizes, and degrees conferred. Report highlights include: (1) Parkland has a total of 8,026 students, of whom 53% are part-time; (2) the percent of first-time freshmen that were in the bottom half of their high school class academically was 57% for the current year; (3) one year of education costs a typical full-time undergraduate resident student living at home \$2,400 plus tuition to attend the college; (4) tuition is charged on a unit-by-unit basis and costs \$55.00 per unit; (5) of the full-time undergraduate students at the college, 2,027 (25%) receive financial aid of some sort; (6) of the students receiving financial aid, 1,759 received need-based gift aid, and on average this need-based aid met 80% of the students' total need; (7) the college has a total of 491 instructional faculty, of whom 67% are part-time, 11% are minority group members, and 50% are women; and (8) small classes predominate at the college, with only nine courses offered that enrolled more than 40 students. (LD)

2000-2001 COMMON DATA SET PARKLAND COLLEGE

ED 454 906

- A. General Information
- B. Enrollment and Persistence
- C. First-time, First-year (Freshman) Admission
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A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A1. Address Information

Name of College or University	Parkland College
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip	2400 West Bradley Avenue, Champaign, IL 61821-1899
Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip	
Main phone	217.351.2200
WWW Home Page Address	http://www.parkland.cc.il.us/
Admissions Phone Number	217.353.2208
Admissions toll-free number	800.346.8089 (In-state only)
Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip	
Admissions Fax number:	217.353.2640
Admissions E-mail Address:	mhenry@parkland.cc.il.us
Is there a separate URL application site on the Internet? If so, please specify:	

A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)

Public

Private (nonprofit)

Proprietary

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A3. Classify your undergraduate institution:**Coeducational college**

Men's college

Women's college

A4. Academic year calendar**Semester**

4-1-4

Quarter

Continuous

Trimester

Differs by program (describe):

Other (describe):

A5. Degrees offered by your institution**Certificate**

Postbachelor's certificate

Diploma

Master's

Associate

Post-master's certificate

Transfer

Doctoral

Terminal

First professional

Bachelor's

First professional certificate

[Return to Table of Contents](#)**B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

B1. Institutional Enrollment--Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting data or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

	FULL-TIME			PART-TIME		
	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line	Men (IPEDS col. 15)	Women (IPEDS col. 16)	IPEDS line
Undergraduates						

Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	605	517	line 1	459	501	line 15
Other first-year, degree-seeking	539	494	line 2	475	688	line 16
All other degree-seeking	730	843	lines 3-6	794	1274	lines 17-20
<i>Total degree-seeking</i>	1874	1854		1728	2463	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	9	14	line 7	20	64	line 21
<i>Total undergraduates</i>	1883	1868	line 8	1748	2527	line 22
First-professional						
First-time, first-professional students	0	0	line 9	0	0	line 23
All other first-professionals	0	0	line 10	0	0	line 24
<i>Total first-professional</i>	0	0		0	0	
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time	0	0	line 11	0	0	line 25
All other degree-seeking	0	0	line 12	0	0	line 26
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	0	0	line 13	0	0	line 27
<i>Total graduate</i>	0	0		0	0	

Total all undergraduates (1999 IPEDS sum of lines 8 and 22, cols. 15 and 16): **8,026**

Total all graduate and professional students (1999 IPEDS sum of lines 14 and 28, cols. 15 and 16): **0**

GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS (1999 IPEDS line 29, sum of cols. 15 and 16): **8,026**

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2000. References to corresponding data elements formerly collected by IPEDS on the Fall Enrollment Survey 1999 (Part A) or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System are supplied below.

	Degree-seeking first-time first year	Degree-seeking undergraduates	Total Undergraduates
	IPEDS sum of lines 1 and 15	IPEDS sum of lines 1-6 and lines 15-20	
Nonresident aliens IPEDS cols. 1-2	45	273	317
Black, non-Hispanic IPEDS cols. 3-4	212	845	868
American Indian or Alaskan Native IPEDS cols. 5-6	9	33	33
Asian or Pacific Islander IPEDS cols. 7-8	109	360	368
Hispanic IPEDS cols. 9-10	48	170	177
White, non-Hispanic IPEDS cols. 11-12	1659	6238	6263
Race/ethnicity unknown IPEDS cols. 13-14	0	0	0
Total IPEDS cols. 15-16	2082	7919	8026

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 1999, to June 30, 2000.

Certificate/diploma 223
 Associate degrees 705
 Bachelor's degrees _____
 Postbachelor's certificates _____
 Master's degrees _____
 Post-master's certificates _____
 Doctoral degrees _____
 First professional degrees _____
 First professional certificates _____

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Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements formerly collected by IPEDS or currently collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 1999 paper-based survey or the 2000 Web-based survey.

For Two-Year Institutions:

B12. Initial 1996 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students: 26,521
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 10, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B13. Of the initial 1996 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions); total allowable exclusions: 0
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 45, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B14. Final 1996 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions 26,521
(Subtract question B13 from question B12)

B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total): 660
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time: 623
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 11A, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total): 4,929
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time: 4,929
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 12A, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions: 4,305
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 30, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions: 1,845
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 32, sum of columns 15 and 16)

B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions: 2,460
(2000 IPEDS GRS-2, Section III, line 33, sum of columns 15 and 16)

Retention Rates**10****11**

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1999 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 1999 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 1999? **55 %**

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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. **First-time, first-year (freshman) students:** Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2000. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	1142
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	1395
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1028
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	1256
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	562
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	152
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	476
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	164

C2. **Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)**

Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? Yes: **No:**

If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 1999 admissions:

Number of qualified applicants placed on waiting list _____
 Number accepting a place on the waiting list _____
 Number of wait-listed students admitted _____

Admission Requirements

C3. **High school completion requirement**

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

High school diploma is required and GED is accepted

High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted

High school diploma or equivalent is not required

C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Require

Recommend

Neither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units required	Units recommended
Total academic units	15	
English	4	
Mathematics	3	
Science	2	
Of these, units that must be lab	2	
Foreign language		
Social studies	2	
History		
Academic electives	2	
Other (specify) Foreign Language, Music, Art or Vocational Education	2	

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to

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academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

Open admission policy as described above for all students ____

Open admission policy as described above for most students, but
selective admission for out-of-state students ____

selective admission to some programs

other (explain) **selective admission for health programs**

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
<i>Academic</i>				
Secondary school record				XX
Class rank				XX
Recommendation(s)				XX
Standardized test scores				XX
Essay				XX

	Very important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
<i>Nonacademic</i>				
Interview				XX
Extracurricular activities				XX
Talent/ability				XX
Character/personal qualities				XX
Alumni/ae relation				XX
Geographical residence				XX
State residency				XX
Religious affiliation/commitment				XX
Minority status				XX
Volunteer work				XX
Work experience				XX

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SAT and ACT Policies**C8. Entrance exams**

A. Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants? Yes No

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.

	ADMISSION			
	Require	Recommend	Require for some	Considered if submitted
SAT I				
ACT				
SAT I or ACT (no preference)				
SAT I or ACT--SAT I preferred				
SAT I or ACT--ACT preferred				
SAT I and SAT II				
SAT I and SAT II or ACT				
SAT II				

In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

Placement	Yes	No
Counseling	Yes	No

B. Does your institution use the SAT I or II or the ACT for **placement only**? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below:

	PLACEMENT		
	Require	Recommend	Require for some
SAT I			
SAT II			
ACT			XX
SAT I or ACT			

C. Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission N/A

Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission N/A

D. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students): **ACT required for Health Careers**

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman)** students enrolled in fall 2000, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2000 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students who submitted test scores.** Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores _____ Number submitting SAT scores _____

Percent submitting ACT scores **32** Number submitting ACT scores _____

	25th percentile	75th percentile
SAT I Verbal		
SAT I Math		
ACT Composite	18	23
ACT English		
ACT Math		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT I Verbal	SAT I Math
700-800		
600-699		
500-599		
400-499		

	300-399		
	200-299		
	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	2%		
24-29	22%		
18-23	53%		
12-17	22%		
6-11	0%		
below 6	0%		

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top 10th of high school graduating class **2%**
 Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class **12%**
 Percent in top half of high school graduating class **43%**
 Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class **57%**
 Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class **23%**

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank: **40%**

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

High school GPA not submitted

Percent who had GPA of 3.0 and higher _____
 Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.99 _____
 Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99 _____
 Percent who had GPA below 1.0 _____

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: N/A

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: NA %

Admission Policies**C13. Application fee**

Does your institution have an application fee? Yes No
Amount of application fee _____
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need? Yes No

C14. Application closing date

Does your institution have an application closing date? Yes No
Application closing date (fall) _____
Priority date _____

C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? Yes No

C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (*fill in one only*)

On a rolling basis beginning (date)

By (date) _____
Other _____

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (*fill in one only*)

Must reply by (date) _____

No set date

Must reply by May 1 or within _____ weeks if notified thereafter
Other _____

C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?

Yes No

If yes, maximum period of postponement: _____

C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No

C20. Common application: Will you accept the Common Application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted? Yes No

Common Data Elements:

If "yes," are supplemental forms required? Yes No

Is your college a member of the Common Application Group? Yes No

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No

If "yes," please complete the following:

First or only early decision plan closing date _____

First or only early decision plan notification date _____

Other early decision plan closing date _____

Other early decision plan notification date _____

For the Fall 2000 entering class:

Number of early decision applications received by your institution _____

Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan _____

Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college?

Yes No

If "yes," please complete the following:

Early action closing date _____

Early action notification date _____

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D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? Yes No
(If no, please skip to Section E)

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If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? **Yes** No

D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2000.

	Applicants	Admitted applicants	Enrolled applicants
Men			
Women			
Total			137

Application for Admission

D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

Fall Winter **Spring** **Summer**

D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman? Yes **No**
If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure? _____

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of all	Recommended of all	Recommended of some	Required of some	Not required
High school transcript				XX	
College transcript(s)	XX				
Essay or personal statement					XX
Interview					XX
Standardized test scores				XX	
Statement of good standing from prior institution (s)					XX

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): **None required**

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): **None required**

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority date	Closing date	Notification date	Reply date	Rolling admission
Fall					XX
Winter					
Spring					XX
Summer					XX

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? **Yes** No

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Transfer Credit Policies

D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: **1.0**

D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number **None** Unit type _____

D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number **None** Unit type _____

D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: **15**

D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: **N/A**

D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to definitions.

Accelerated program

Cooperative (work-study) program

Cross-registration

Distance learning

Double major

Dual enrollment

English as a Second Language (ESL)

Exchange student program (domestic)

External degree program

Other (specify):

Honors program

Independent study

Internships

Liberal arts/career combination

Student-designed major

Study abroad

Teacher certification program

Weekend college

E2. Has been removed from the CDS.

E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

Arts/fine arts

Computer literacy

English (including composition)

Foreign languages

History

Other (describe):

Humanities

Mathematics

Philosophy

Sciences (biological or physical)

Social science

Library Collections

Report the number of holdings. Refer to the 1998 IPEDS Academic Libraries Survey, Part D, for corresponding equivalents.

E4. Books, serial backfiles, electronic documents, and government documents (titles) that are accessible through the library's catalog **110,274** (sum of lines 27 and 29, column 2)

E5. Current serial subscriptions (paper, microform, electronic): **926** (sum of lines 29, column 2)

E6. Microforms (units): **unknown** (line 28, column 2)

E7. Audiovisual materials (units): **8,141** (line 32, column 2)

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2000 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude internat'l/nonresident aliens)	2%	0.4%
Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	0%
Percent of women who join sororities	0%	0%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	0%	0%
Percent who live off campus or commute	100%	100%
Percent of students age 25 and older	13%	30%
Average age of full-time students	20	22
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	22	25

F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

Choral groups	Marching band	Student government
Concert band	Music ensembles	Student newspaper
Dance	Musical theater	Student-run film society
Drama/theater	Opera	Symphony orchestra
Jazz band	Pep band	Television station
Literary magazine	Radio station	Yearbook

F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

Army ROTC is offered:

On campus

At cooperating institution (name): **University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign**

Naval ROTC is offered

On campus

At cooperating institution (name): **University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign**

Air Force ROTC is offered

On campus

At cooperating institution (name): **University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign****F4. Housing:** Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

Coed dorms

Men's dorms

Women's dorms

Apartments for married students

Apartments for single students

Other housing options (specify): **Students may
reside at University of Illinois Urbana
Champaign housing or privately operated
dorms in town.**

Special housing for disabled students

Special housing for international students

Fraternity/sorority housing

Cooperative housing

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Provide 2001-2002 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2001-2002 academic year. A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS	\$1,650	
In-district:		
In-state (out-of-district):	\$5,940	
Out-of-state:	\$7,140	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$7,140	

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REQUIRED FEES:	Included in above	
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)	0	
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)	0	
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)	0	

Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room/board/fees): _____

Other _____

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition 1 minimum **none** maximum

G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)? Yes No

G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: tuition is per credit hour

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:		\$600	\$600
Room only:			\$2,700
Board only:			\$1,300
Transportation:		\$900	\$900
Other expenses:		\$900	\$900

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
-----------------------	--

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$55.00
In-state (out-of-district):	\$198.00 (\$93.00 Internet)
Out-of-state:	\$238.00 (\$93.00 Internet)
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$238.00 (\$93.00 Internet)

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns.** (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based gift aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate academic year for which data are reported: ___ 2000-2001 estimated or ___X_ 1999-2000 final

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	3,266,894	0
State	2,047,847	414,493
Institutional (endowment, alumni, or other institutional awards) and external funds awarded by the college excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	0	45,531
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, NMSQT) not awarded by the college	0	110,361
Total Scholarships/Grants	5,314,741	570,384
Self-Help		
40		

Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	2,044,429	812,401
Federal Work-Study	89,675	
State and other work study/ employment	0	0
Total Self-Help	2,134,104	812,401
Parent Loans	0	181,303
Tuition waivers	0	79,383
Athletic awards	0	300,621

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and received financial aid. **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.** Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (inc. fresh)	Less than full-time undergrad
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2000 cohort)	1,122	3,728	4,191
b) Number of students in line a who were financial aid applicants (include applicants for all types of aid)	Not available	2,703	Not available
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	Not available	2,027	Not available
d) Number of students in line c who received any financial aid	164	621	178
e) Number of students in line d who received any need-based gift aid	Not available	1,759	Not available
f) Number of students in line d who received any need-based self-help aid	Not available	Not available	Not available
g) Number of students in line d who received any non-need-based gift aid	Not available	Not available	Not available
h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans).	Not available	Not available	Not available
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who received any need-based aid.	80%	80%	80%

Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans).			
j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans.)	Not available	Not available	Not available
k) Average need-based gift award of those in line e	Not available	Not available	Not available
l) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f	Not available	Not available	Not available
m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who received a need-based loan.	Not available	Not available	Not available

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who received non-need-based gift aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort receiving the dollars reported in H1. Note: in the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad Inc. fresh.	Less than Full-time undergrad
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need who received non-need-based gift aid (exclude those receiving athletic awards and tuition benefits)	Not available	Not available	Not available
o) Average dollar amount of non-need-based gift aid awarded to students in line n	Not available	Not available	Not available
p) Number of students in line a who received a non-need-based athletic grant or scholarship	77	210	7
q) Average dollar amount of non-need-based athletic grants and scholarships awarded to those in line p	Not available	2,440	Not available

H3: Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

Federal methodology (FM)

☐ Institutional methodology (IM)

☐ Both FM and IM

H4. Percent of the 2000 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000 and borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution. 35%

H5. Average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4; do not include money borrowed at other institutions: \$4100

45

44

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding financial aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

College-administered need-based financial aid is available

College-administered non-need-based financial aid is available

X **College-administered financial aid is not available**

If college-administered financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens who received need-based or non-need-based aid: _____

Average dollar amount awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ _____

Total dollar amount of financial aid from all sources awarded to all undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$ _____

Process for First-Year/Freshman Students

H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:

<![endif] **FAFSA**

>

Institution's own financial aid form

CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE

State aid form

Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement

Business/Farm Supplement

Other: _____

H8. Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:

NOT APPLICABLE

Institution's own financial aid form

CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE

Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application

Foreign Student's Certification of Finances

Other: _____

H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: **March 1**

Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: _____

No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): **Rolling Basis****H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b):**

a. Students notified on or about (date): _____

b. Students notified on a rolling basis: **yes/no** If yes, starting date: **June 1****H11. Indicate reply dates:**Students must reply by (date): _____ or within **2** weeks of notification.**Types of Aid Available**

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12. Loans

FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN)

Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans**Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans****Direct PLUS Loans**

FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)

FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans

FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans

FFEL PLUS Loans

Federal Perkins Loans

Federal Nursing Loans

State Loans

College/university loans from institutional funds

43

49

Other (specify):

H13. Scholarships and Grants

NEED-BASED:

Federal Pell**SEOG****State scholarships/grants****Private scholarships****College/university gift aid from institutional funds**

United Negro College Fund

Federal Nursing Scholarship

Other (specify): **Veteran service member benefits****H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.**

Non-need	Need-based		Non-need	Need-based	
X	X	Academics	X		Leadership
		Alumni affiliation	X	X	Minority status
X		Art	X		Music/drama
X		Athletics			Religious affiliation
X	X	Job skills	X	X	State/district residency
		ROTC		-----	

[Return to Table of Contents](#)**I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE****I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2000.**

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

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<http://www.parkland.cc.il.us/oire/CDS0001.htm>

516/26/01

- (a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine
- (b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,
- (c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like
- (d) faculty on leave without pay, and
- (e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

Part-time: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, aphthamology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full time	Part time	Total
a) Total number of instructional faculty	164	327	491
b) Total number who are members of minority groups	17	35	52
c) Total number who are women	74	173	247
d) Total number who are men	90	154	244
e) Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	0	0	0
f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree	27	31	58
g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's			
h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's			
i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other			

1-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2000 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2000 Student to Faculty ratio: **19** to 1.

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2000 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2000. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled.

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SECTIONS	154	462	363	109	3	2	4	1,097

	Less than 10	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
CLASS SUB- SECTIONS *								

*Lab sections cannot be extracted from regular class sections.

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 1999 and June 30, 2000

Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP categories to include
Agriculture		2		1 and 2
Architecture		1		4
Area and ethnic studies				5
Biological/life sciences		12		26
Business/marketing	9	17		8 and 52
Communications/communication technologies		6		9 and 10
Computer and information sciences	5	5		11
Education		6		13
Engineering/engineering technologies	6	2		14 and 15
English				23
Foreign languages and literature				16
Health professions and related sciences	76	20		51
Home economics and vocational home economics				19 and 20
Interdisciplinary studies				30
Law/legal studies				22
Liberal arts/general studies		21		24
Library science				25
Mathematics				27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29

Natural resources/environmental science				3
Parks and recreation				31
Personal and miscellaneous services				12
Philosophy, religion, theology				38 and 39
Physical sciences		1		40 and 41
Protective services/public administration		4		43 and 44
Psychology		1		42
Social sciences and history	1	1		45
Trade and industry	3			46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts		1		50
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

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Common Data Set Definitions 2000

- ◆ All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.
- ◆ Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

***Academic advisement:** Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

***Adult student services:** Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

***Career and placement services:** A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See **Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma**.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

***Community service program:** Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative (work-study plan) program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

***Counseling service:** Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See **Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.**

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad.**

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

***Freshman/new student orientation:** Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

***Health services:** Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See **Nonresident alien**.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

***Learning center:** Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

***Legal services:** Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

***Minority student center:** Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

***On-campus day care:** Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

***Personal counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See **Private for-profit institution**.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

***Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

***Remedial services:** Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

***Summer session:** A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

***Tutoring:** May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

***Veteran's counseling:** Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

***Visually impaired:** Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

***Women's center:** Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

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Financial aid definitions

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution.

Institutional and external funds: Endowment, alumni, or external monies for which the institution determines the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based gift aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

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Non-need outside grants
Non-need student loans
Non-need parent loans
Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

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